

# Wildlife Conservation Act and Regulations

This summary is prepared for the information and convenience of those who plan to hunt in Prince Edward Island. The original act and regulations should be consulted for all purposes of interpreting and applying the law. These laws are subject to change at any time. For the complete regulations please refer to the Wildlife Conservation Act and Regulations, available on request from the Forests, Fish and Wildlife Division or online at:

https://www.princeedwardisland.ca/en/legislation/environmentenergy-and-climate-action/528

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#### Minister's Message

Islanders lead busy lives, and this often results in little time for recreation and spending time in nature. I encourage all Islanders to prioritize some outdoors time. Getting outdoors is a great way to make lasting memories with friends and family.



We know that those who enjoy the outdoors are the greatest advocates for the protection of our natural resources.

I thank all Island hunters and trappers for their commitment to stewardship, safe recreation and respecting our natural resources. On behalf of the Government of PEI, I wish you a great season. Enjoy your time in our forests and natural areas.

Sincerely,

Gilles Arsenault

Minister of Environment, Energy and Climate Action

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#### Reminders from 2024-2025

- · Hunting on Sunday is now permitted.
- Duck hunting season is now Oct. 1 Jan. 15.
- The black duck daily bag limit is six (6) for the entire season.

#### Avian Influenza Virus

For guidelines on handling wild gamebirds and avian influenza virus refer to the following link:

https://www.canada.ca/en/environment-climatechange/services/migratory-game-bird-hunting/avianinfluenza-wild-birds.html#toc7



#### **General Hunting Regulations**

#### It is unlawful to:

- carry a firearm in game habitat or hunt any game unless you are in possession of a Hunter Safety Certificate.
- hunt any wildlife for which an open season has not been prescribed.
- without a shipping coupon, take, or ship out of the province any game or parts thereof.
- disturb, molest or take the eggs of any game bird.
- hunt any game birds by means of any trap, cage or snare.
- hunt game birds with a rifle or other firearm loaded with a bullet or bullets.
- use a shotgun that has a capacity of more than three shells in the magazine and chamber combined, while hunting game.
- possess more than one shotgun, unless each shotgun in excess of one is unloaded and disassembled or unloaded and cased, while hunting game.
- 9) shoot at any game within 200 metres of any school, church, meeting place or any occupied dwelling, farm building, or livestock, without the owner's permission; or shoot any game within 300 metres of a location where migratory birds are kept under permit.

- while in or on any vehicle, discharge or have in personal possession a loaded firearm.
- 11) discharge any firearm in any locality where game is usually found between one-half hour after sunset and one-half hour before sunrise unless authorized by a permit to hunt raccoons at night or for the purposes of dispatching a legally trapped furbearer.
- sell fox, raccoon or coyote pelts to anyone other than a licensed fur dealer or fur auction house representative.
- willfully allow the flesh of any game suitable for food to be spoiled or destroyed.
- hunt waterfowl within 400 metres of an area baited with grain or other food.
- 15) ship or take out of the province, snowshoe hare, raccoon, fox or coyote without a Game Export Permit. If pelts are held by the hunter longer than 5 days after the close of the open season, a Possession Permit is required.
- possess or use shot other than non-toxic shot for hunting ducks, geese or snipe; and crows.
- 17) be in possession or under the influence of an intoxicant while hunting.
- 18) possess a firearm that is not cased one hour after sunset to one hour before sunrise unless authorized by a permit.
- hunt or shoot at waterfowl, including all ducks and geese, from within the highway right-of-way.

- 20) hunt waterfowl from within 100 yards of the centreline of a highway-right-of-way that is a boundary of the Indian River Wildlife Management Area, the Rollo Bay Wildlife Management Area, the New Glasgow Wildlife Management Area, or the Pisquid River Wildlife Management Area.
- 21) use or be in possession of:
  - lead shot for species other than pheasant, ruffed grouse, Hungarian partridge woodcock, snowshoe hare, raccoon, coyote, fox or squirrel; or
  - b. non-toxic shot of a size greater than "T" shot
- 22) while hunting game other than coyote, use or be in possession of any shot of a size larger than
  - a. "BB" in the case of lead shot; or
  - b. Size "T" in the case of non-toxic shot
- 23) set a snare for snowshoe hare made of materials other than single strand brass wire of 20 to 24 gauge, or set a snare for snowshoe hare with a wire loop greater than 10 cm. (4 inch).
- 24) intentionally or knowingly interfere with another person lawfully engaged in hunting:
- No person shall hunt red squirrel, snowshoe hare, raccoon, fox or coyote by use of
  - a. a shotgun loaded with a single bullet; or,
  - b. a rifle larger than .22 calibre.

 hunt foxes with cartridges larger than .22 rim fire or .17 centre fire.

**Note**: If you are in possession of migratory birds belonging to or taken by another person, each bird must be tagged with:

- a. the name and address of the owner,
- b. the number of the migratory game bird permit under which the bird was taken, and
- c. the date the bird was taken and signed by the person who killed the birds



#### **Trespass to Property Act**

All hunters and trappers are reminded that you need permission of the occupier or a person authorized by the occupier, to enter on land that is a lawn, garden, orchard, commercial berry growing area, golf course or acreage managed for the production of agricultural crops, land that is a tree plantation area or a Christmas tree management area, enclosed premises that indicates the occupier's intention to keep persons off the premises or to keep animals on the premises and engage in an activity which is prohibited on the premises by notice.

**Trappers** are also reminded that you need permission from the occupier or a person authorized by the occupier, to enter on forest land to trap or snare.

# Residency

A "resident" means a person who:

- (i) has resided in the province for a period of six months immediately prior to making an application for a licence.
- (ii) has resided in the province for a period of two weeks immediately prior to making an application for a licence, where that person proves to the satisfaction of the Minister that he or she was required to take up residence in the province because of being transferred to the province by his or her employer.
- (iii) is taking educational training of a three-month minimum duration within the province and has resided in the province for a period of two weeks immediately prior to making an application for a licence.
- (iv) is taking educational training outside the province and resided in the province for a period of six months immediately prior to taking the educational training.
- (v) proves to the satisfaction of the Minister that he or she has resided in the province for the purpose of employment for an aggregate period of six months within the twelve months immediately preceding the making of an application; or,

(vi) was born in the province and owns real property in the province.

All other hunters are not considered to be residents and require a Non-resident Hunting Licence.

Non-resident hunters must be accompanied by either a licensed resident hunter or a registered hunting guide while hunting in Prince Edward Island.

Youth (resident or non-resident under 16 years of age) require a Hunting Licence. No youth shall use or carry a firearm except in company with a parent or guardian, subject to the provisions of the Firearms Act and Criminal Code.



#### Hunter Safety Certificate - PEI Wildlife Card



ALL PERSONS wishing to acquire a PEI hunting licence are required to exhibit a Hunter Safety Certificate to the licence vendor. Vendors are prohibited from issuing a licence to any person who does not possess a certificate.

Changes of address or lost or stolen cards should be brought to the attention of the Fish and Wildlife Section (902) 368-4683. Non-residents are advised that Hunter Safety Certificates issued by the province, state, or country where they live are accepted in PEI.

#### Free Training and Licences for New Hunters

The PEI Fish and Wildlife Section is offering free training and licences for first time hunters.

All hunters are encouraged to reach out to their friends and families to make them aware of the opportunity. Please call 902-368-4683 for more details.

#### **Hunting Workshop**

Every September Fish and Wildlife and partners host a free hunting workshop that focuses on skills essential for safe and fun hunting experiences. The event is held at the Charlottetown Trap and Skeet Club. Please call 902-368-4683, or email hunting@gov.pe.ca for more details or to register.



# **Purchase a Provincial Hunting Licence**

Provincial hunting licences can be obtained from authorized vendors across the province or online at: princeedwardisland.ca/hunting



It is illegal to have in your possession, when hunting all game birds, any shot larger than "BB" in the case of lead shot or size "T" in the case of steel shot.



#### Licences and Fees

Resident Game Hunting* (18-59 years)	\$5
Courtesy Resident Game Hunting	
(60 years and over)No C	Charge
Youth Hunting	
(12-17 years - resident and non-resident	
youth)No (	Charge
Resident Furbearer (all ages)	\$5
Non-resident	
Hunting	\$75
Non-resident 3-day	
Hunting	\$60
Resident Hunting	
Guide	\$30
Non-resident Hunting	
Guide	\$50
Wildlife Conservation Fund**	
•16-64 years	\$20
•65 years and over	\$13
Snowshoe hare	
snaring***	\$5
-	

The above fees do not include HST

\*No charge for first time hunters

\*\*Charged once annually with first fishing, hunting or
trapping licence purchased (cont'd next page)

\*\*\*Everyone who snares rabbits (Snowshoe Hare)
must purchase a Snowshoe Hare Snaring Licence.

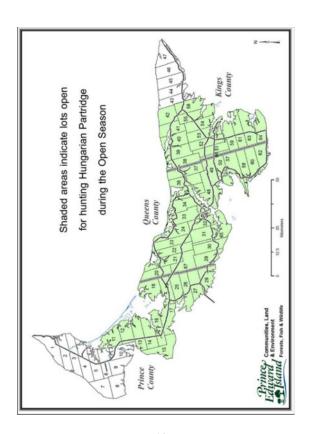
# Resident Game and Furbearer Hunting – Open Seasons and Limits

Game / Furbearer	Open Season	Daily Bag	Poss.
Pheasant	No open season	n/a	n/a
Ruffed Grouse	Sept. 26 - Dec. 31	3	6
Hungarian Partridge*	Oct. 15 - Nov. 15	3	6
Snowshoe Hare Hunting	Oct. 1 – Mar. 31	5	-
Snowshoe Hare Snaring**	Nov.1 – Feb. 28	-	-
Red Fox	Nov. 1 – Jan. 31	ı	-
Raccoon	Oct. 1 – Mar. 31	-	-
Coyote	Oct. 1 – Mar. 31	-	-
Red Squirrel	No closed season	-	-

<sup>\*</sup> No open season for Hungarian (Grey) Partridge in Lots 1 to 10, inclusive, and Lots 43 to 47 inclusive (see next page)

<sup>\*\*</sup> A Snowshoe Hare Snaring Licence is required

<sup>&</sup>quot;-" = no limit



#### **Migratory Game Bird Hunting Permit**

To hunt migratory game birds (e.g., ducks, geese, woodcock, and snipe) in Canada, you are required to possess a valid federal Migratory Game Bird Hunting Permit (or e-Permit) with an affixed (or printed image of) Canadian Wildlife Habitat Conservation stamp (the physical stamp is not required to validate the e-Permit).

Purchase of a Migratory Game Bird Hunting Permit | Migratory Game Bird Hunting E-Permit (ec.gc.ca)



# Migratory Game Birds – Seasons and Limits

Open Seasons			
September Goose Season		Sep. 1 – Sep. 15	
Woodcock		Sep. 29 – Dec. 13	
Snipe		Oct 1 – Dec. 31	
Geese		Oct. 1 – Dec. 31	
Ducks <sup>1,2</sup>		Oct. 1 – Jan. 15	
Bag and Possession Limits			
Ducks <sup>1*</sup>		6*	18*
Ducks <sup>2</sup>		6**	12***
Geese (Sep.1 to Sep.15)		10	20
Geese (Oct.1 to Nov. 14)		5	20
Geese (Nov. 15 to Dec. 31)		3	20
Woodcock		8	16
Snipe		10	20

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> All ducks other than Common and Red-breasted Mergansers, Long-tailed Ducks, Eiders and Scoters

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 2}$  Common and Red-breasted Mergansers, Long-tailed Ducks, Eiders and Scoters

<sup>\*</sup> Except that not more than one may be Barrow's Goldeneye

<sup>\*\*</sup> Except that not more than four Scoters and four Eiders may be taken daily

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Except that not more than eight Scoters and eight Eiders may be possessed

#### **Waterfowl Bands**

Hunters can report bird bands (bands on the legs of ducks and geese) by calling this toll-free number: 1-800-327-2263 or visiting: <a href="https://www.reportband.gov">www.reportband.gov</a>. You should have the following information available before you call: 1) the band number; and 2) where and when you shot the bird

#### Non-game Birds

Most birds are protected throughout the year, including eagles, hawks, owls, seagulls, cormorants and non-game migratory birds. Non-game migratory birds are all protected under the Migratory Birds Convention Act. It is illegal to shoot such non-game migratory birds as shorebirds, herons, grebes, songbirds, and woodpeckers.



#### **Furbearer Hunting**

Furbearer hunting is a popular pursuit for many Island hunters. Please note the following regulations:

- Muzzle loading firearms are permitted for coyote hunting only.
- The restriction on possessing more than one uncased shotgun while hunting game does not apply to rifles.

#### **Hunting Raccoon at Night**

Because raccoons are traditionally hunted after dark, hunters should be aware that their activities (dogs, lights, etc.) may alarm uninformed members of the public. Hunters should make every effort to advise residents before they hunt in that area. Landowner permission should be obtained prior to accessing private property for the purpose of hunting. Hunting raccoon at night requires a special permit available from Fish and Wildlife at 902 368-4683.

#### **Export Permits**

An export permit is free of charge and is required for all game leaving Prince Edward Island. For non-resident hunters, a valid non-resident hunting licence attached to the game being exported serves as a shipping coupon authorizing the export of game from the province by the licence holder in accordance with possession limits.

# **Chasing Wildlife**

No person shall use any air, land or water vehicle to chase, pursue, worry, molest, take, hunt or kill any wildlife or willfully destroy wildlife habitat.

Assume every firearm is loaded.

Control the muzzle by pointing it in a safe direction.

#### **Bald Eagles and Lead Poisoning**

- Lead, ingested in large enough quantity has negative effects on the nervous, reproductive, respiratory, and gastrointestinal systems of mammals and birds
- Dead eagles recovered on the Island have tested positive for lead poisoning.
- Eagles frequently scavenge carcasses of dead animals that may contain lead bullet fragments or lead pellets.
- Symptoms of lead poisoning in eagles include loss of balance, gasping, tremors and impaired ability to fly.
- Eagles are especially sensitive to lead poisoning; 2-3 #6 shot is enough to kill an eagle.
- Depending on the amount ingested, eagles can die within hours - days (acute poisoning) or become emaciated and die over 2-3 weeks (chronic). Sublethal lead poisoning may also interfere with flight, eyesight, and normal behavior, making them prone to traumatic events.

#### **How to Reduce Lead Poisoning**

- Use non-toxic shot for all shotgun and rifle hunting. Non-lead alternatives are now readily available and becoming cheaper every year. Save your lead for the range and target shooting.
- If lead ammunition is used, recover or remove all shot game from the field
- If the carcass must be left in the field, burying the carcass prevents scavenging.



#### **Boat Safety**

Hunters are reminded that they must carry proof of competence such as a **Pleasure Craft Operator Card**, and photo ID if they are operating a boat fitted with a motor. To prepare for a safe hunting or fishing adventure, visit or call:

- www.tc.gc.ca/eng/marinesafety/debs-obs-menu-1362.htm
- 1-800-387-4999 to speak with a Boating Safety Officer

# Wear Your Personal Floatation Device (PFD)!

#### <u>The Truth About Cold Water Immersion</u> (by Mario Vittone)

Over 90 percent of hunters who die while boating are not wearing a life jacket. When you fall overboard, a life jacket stored under your seat will do little to save your life. Before you head out on the water, make sure you wear a life jacket that fits and is in good working order.

<u>You Can't Breathe</u>: The **first phase** of cold-water immersion is called the **cold shock response**. It is a stage of increased heart rate and blood pressure, uncontrolled gasping, and sometimes uncontrolled movement

Lasting anywhere from 30 seconds to a couple of minutes depending on several factors, the cold shock response can be deadly all by itself. In fact, of all the people who die in cold water, it is estimated that 20% die in the first two minutes. They panic and they take on water in that first uncontrolled gasp, if they have heart problems - the cold shock may trigger a heart attack. Surviving at this stage is about getting your breathing under control, realizing that the stage will pass, and staying calm.

You Can't Swim: One of the primary reasons given by recreational boaters when asked why they don't wear a life jacket is that they can swim. Listen up, Tarzan; I swam for a living for the better part of my adult life, and when the water is cold - none of us can swim for very long.

The **second phase** of cold-water immersion is called cold incapacitation. Long before your core temperature drops a degree, the veins in your extremities (those things you swim with) will constrict, you will lose your ability to control your hands, and the muscles in your arms and legs will just flat out guit working well enough to keep you above water.

Without ever experiencing a drop in core temperature (at all) over 50% of the people who die in cold water die from drowning perpetuated by cold incapacitation.

From: www.gcaptain.com/cold water/.

#### **PEI Wildlife Conservation Fund**

#### Putting your money to work!

When you pay a PEI Wildlife Conservation Fund fee, you are helping to improve habitat for fish and many other species of Island wildlife. Applications for funding are made by many stream and river management groups annually.

PEI Wildlife Conservation Fund C/O Community Foundation of PEI 53 Water Street Charlottetown, PE C1A 1A3 (902) 892-3440; info@peiwcf.ca; www.peiwcf.ca



# Investigation and Enforcement



For enforcement of any of the environment acts or regulations during regular working hours, telephone a Conservation Officer at any of the following locations:

- Wellington 902 854-7250
- Summerside 902 888-8000
- Charlottetown 902 368-4884
- Queens County 902 368-4884
- Montague 902 838-0600
- Souris 902 687-7000

For <u>environmental emergencies</u> after normal office hours telephone 1-800-565-1633. For wildlife related enforcement after normal office hours telephone: 902 368-4884.

#### **Equipment Seizure and Forfeiture**

Hunters and trappers are advised that seized equipment shall be automatically forfeited to the crown for the following offences:

- 1) all second offences.
- 2) taking game or wildlife out of season.
- 3) hunting while under suspension, and
- possession of a loaded firearm in a vehicle or boat; or
- possess, or be under the influence of, an intoxicant.

An automatic one-year suspension of hunting privileges can result from a conviction under the Wildlife Conservation Act or Regulations or the Migratory Birds Convention Act or Regulations

# Report a Poacher



# Report poachers and polluters! Call Crime Stoppers toll free

https://services.princeedwardisland.ca/en/service/report-violation/#/ service/GenericWebformSubmission/

GenericWebformGenerateTransactionID

1-800-222-8477

# **Access PEI Centres**

Queens County			
Charlottetown	902 368-5200		
Charlotttetown (Royalty Crossing)	902 288-1409		
Cornwall	902 288-1863		
Kings County			
Montague	902 838-0600		
Souris	902 687-7000		
Prince County			
Alberton	902 853-8622		
O'Leary	902 859-8800		
Summerside	902 888-8000		
Tignish	902 882-7351		
Wellington	902 854-7250		

#### **Courses and Workshops**

Each year, the Forests, Fish, and Wildlife Division offers a variety of courses and workshops. If you are interested in any of the following training opportunities, please contact our office at 902-368-4683.

- Trapper Education;
- Hunting (Hunter Safety, Bow Hunting, Hunting Guide);
- New Waterfowl Hunters Workshop;
- Chainsaw (Weekend Woodsman, Chainsaw Filing, Cutting Firewood Safely, Basic Silviculture Lesson Plan).



Kevin Arsenault and Carl Balsor teaching trapping techniques.

#### **Accessing Public Lands**

While most of Prince Edward Island is privately owned, there are areas of forest and wetland which are available for public use - the Island's approximately 45,000 hectares of public land. In general terms, these properties are classified as Natural Areas, Ponds and Wetlands, Provincial Forests, and Wildlife Management Areas. They are managed for a variety of public values and benefits such as recreation, wildlife habitat, protection of unique or rare species, high-value timber and non-timber forest products, forest/wildlife research, and outdoor education.

Four signs (shown on the following page) identify public lands that are open to the public for recreational activities such as hunting, fishing, hiking, bicycling, bird watching, tours and outdoor education. However, some uses such as off-road vehicles (ATVs, snowmobiles, etc.) are only permitted on certain properties and open fires are not permitted at all. Prohibited uses are listed on the signs. Please do not litter or smoke on these properties.

Many of these properties are working forests, so as conditions dictate, forest harvest and management operations may occur. In all cases, harvest sites on public land are quickly renewed to forest cover.

Public Land Atlases can be purchased at the Forests, Fish and Wildlife office (183 Upton Rd., C 'town). Public Lands information can also be accessed online at:

https://www.princeedwardisland.ca/en/information/environment-energy-and-climate-action/public-lands



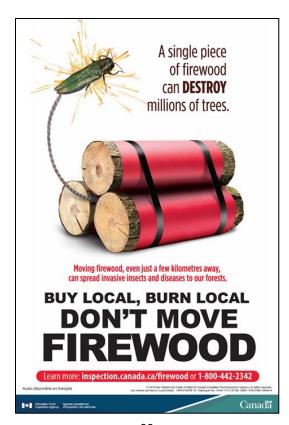
# **Using Vehicles to Chase Wildlife**

The use of vehicles such as ATVs and snowmobiles to assist in hunting activities has expanded in recent years, particularly during coyote hunts with hounds. If used properly, these vehicles can be very useful in locating and retrieving hunting dogs and accessing remote areas

The distinction between chasing game and following hunting hounds can be subtle, but hunters are reminded that it is unlawful to use these vehicles to actively pursue or chase game.

If the vehicle is determined in any way to be harassing wildlife, or is part of the party actively pursuing game, then the hunter may be subject to legal action. Moreover, the act of chasing game with vehicles is unethical, detracts from the sport, and is not supported by fellow hunters or the general public.

Hunters are encouraged to keep these points in mind this season, and to call enforcement staff if they observe others acting unlawfully in their pursuit of game.



### Sunrise/Sunset Times

2025-2026 Sunrise/sunset times are specific to Charlottetown, PE and were taken from the National Research Council of Canada Website: (www.nrc-cnrc.gc.ca/eng/services/sunrise/index.html)

Date	Sunrise	Sunset
1-Sep	6:33	19:52
2-Sep	6:34	19:50
3-Sep	6:36	19:48
4-Sep	6:37	19:46
5-Sep	6:38	19:44
6-Sep	6:39	19:42
7-Sep	6:41	19:40
8-Sep	6:42	19:38
9-Sep	6:43	19:36
10-Sep	6:45	19:34
11-Sep	6:46	19:32
12-Sep	6:47	19:30
13-Sep	6:48	19:28
14-Sep	6:50	19:26

Date	Sunrise	Sunset
15-Sep	6:51	19:24
16-Sep	6:52	19:22
17-Sep	6:54	19:20
18-Sep	6:55	19:18
19-Sep	6:56	19:16
20-Sep	6:57	19:14
21-Sep	6:59	19:12
22-Sep	7:00	19:10
23-Sep	7:01	19:08
24-Sep	7:03	19:06
25-Sep	7:04	19:04
26-Sep	7:05	19:02
27-Sep	7:07	19:00
28-Sep	7:08	18:58
29-Sep	7:09	18:56
30-Sep	7:11	18:54
1-Oct	7:12	18:52
2-Oct	7:13	18:50

Date	Sunrise	Sunset
3-Oct	7:15	18:48
4-Oct	7:16	18:46
5-Oct	7:17	18:44
6-Oct	7:19	18:43
7-Oct	7:20	18:41
8-Oct	7:21	18:39
9-Oct	7:23	18:37
10-Oct	7:24	18:35
11-Oct	7:25	18:33
12-Oct	7:27	18:31
13-Oct	7:28	18:29
14-Oct	7:29	18:27
15-Oct	7:31	18:26
16-Oct	7:32	18:24
17-Oct	7:34	18:22
18-Oct	7:35	18:20
19-Oct	7:37	18:18
20-Oct	7:38	18:17

Date	Sunrise	Sunset
21-Oct	7:39	18:15
22-Oct	7:41	18:13
23-Oct	7:42	18:12
24-Oct	7:44	18:10
25-Oct	7:45	18:08
26-Oct	7:47	18:07
27-Oct	7:48	18:05
28-Oct	7:49	18:03
29-Oct	7:51	18:02
30-Oct	7:52	18:00
31-Oct	7:54	17:59
1-Nov	7:55	17:57
2-Nov	6:57	16:56
3-Nov	6:58	16:54
4-Nov	7:00	16:53
5-Nov	7:01	16:51
6-Nov	7:03	16:50
7-Nov	7:04	16:49

Date	Sunrise	Sunset
8-Nov	7:06	16:47
9-Nov	7:07	16:46
10-Nov	7:08	16:45
11-Nov	7:10	16:44
12-Nov	7:11	16:42
13-Nov	7:13	16:41
14-Nov	7:14	16:40
15-Nov	7:16	16:39
16-Nov	7:17	16:38
17-Nov	7:19	16:37
18-Nov	7:20	16:36
19-Nov	7:21	16:35
20-Nov	7:23	16:34
21-Nov	7:24	16:33
22-Nov	7:25	16:32
23-Nov	7:27	16:32
24-Nov	7:28	16:31
25-Nov	7:29	16:30

Date	Sunrise	Sunset
26-Nov	7:31	16:30
27-Nov	7:32	16:29
28-Nov	7:33	16:28
29-Nov	7:35	16:28
30-Nov	7:36	16:27
1-Dec	7:37	16:27
2-Dec	7:38	16:27
3-Dec	7:39	16:26
4-Dec	7:40	16:26
5-Dec	7:42	16:26
6-Dec	7:43	16:25
7-Dec	7:44	16:25
8-Dec	7:45	16:25
9-Dec	7:46	16:25
10-Dec	7:47	16:25
11-Dec	7:48	16:25
12-Dec	7:48	16:25
13-Dec	7:49	16:25

Date	Sunrise	Sunset
14-Dec	7:50	16:25
15-Dec	7:51	16:26
16-Dec	7:52	16:26
17-Dec	7:52	16:26
18-Dec	7:53	16:26
19-Dec	7:53	16:27
20-Dec	7:54	16:27
21-Dec	7:55	16:28
22-Dec	7:55	16:28
23-Dec	7:55	16:29
24-Dec	7:56	16:30
25-Dec	7:56	16:30
26-Dec	7:57	16:31
27-Dec	7:57	16:32
28-Dec	7:57	16:32
29-Dec	7:57	16:33
30-Dec	7:57	16:34
31-Dec	7:57	16:35

Date	Sunrise	Sunset
1-Jan	7:57	16:36
2-Jan	7:57	16:37
3-Jan	7:57	16:38
4-Jan	7:57	16:39
5-Jan	7:57	16:40
6-Jan	7:57	16:41
7-Jan	7:57	16:42
8-Jan	7:56	16:43
9-Jan	7:56	16:44
10-Jan	7:56	16:46
11-Jan	7:55	16:47
12-Jan	7:55	16:48
13-Jan	7:54	16:49
14-Jan	7:54	16:51
15-Jan	7:53	16:52
16-Jan	7:52	16:53
17-Jan	7:52	16:55
18-Jan	7:51	16:56

Date	Sunrise	Sunset
19-Jan	7:50	16:58
20-Jan	7:49	16:59
21-Jan	7:48	17:00
22-Jan	7:48	17:02
23-Jan	7:47	17:03
24-Jan	7:46	17:05
25-Jan	7:45	17:06
26-Jan	7:44	17:08
27-Jan	7:43	17:09
28-Jan	7:41	17:11
29-Jan	7:40	17:12
30-Jan	7:39	17:14
31-Jan	7:38	17:15
1-Feb	7:37	17:17
2-Feb	7:35	17:18
3-Feb	7:34	17:20
4-Feb	7:33	17:21
5-Feb	7:31	17:23

Date	Sunrise	Sunset
6-Feb	7:30	17:24
7-Feb	7:29	17:26
8-Feb	7:27	17:27
9-Feb	7:26	17:29
10-Feb	7:24	17:30
11-Feb	7:23	17:32
12-Feb	7:21	17:33
13-Feb	7:20	17:35
14-Feb	7:18	17:37
15-Feb	7:17	17:38
16-Feb	7:15	17:40
17-Feb	7:13	17:41
18-Feb	7:12	17:43
19-Feb	7:10	17:44
20-Feb	7:08	17:46
21-Feb	7:06	17:47
22-Feb	7:05	17:49
23-Feb	7:03	17:50

Date	Sunrise	Sunset
24-Feb	7:01	17:52
25-Feb	6:59	17:53
26-Feb	6:58	17:54
27-Feb	6:56	17:56
28-Feb	6:54	17:57
1-Mar	6:52	17:59
2-Mar	6:50	18:00
3-Mar	6:48	18:02
4-Mar	6:47	18:03
5-Mar	6:45	18:05
6-Mar	6:43	18:06
7-Mar	6:41	18:07
8-Mar	7:39	19:09
9-Mar	7:37	19:10
10-Mar	7:35	19:12
11-Mar	7:33	19:13
12-Mar	7:31	19:15
13-Mar	7:29	19:16

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Date	Sunrise	Sunset
14-Mar	7:27	19:17
15-Mar	7:26	19:19
16-Mar	7:24	19:20
17-Mar	7:22	19:22
18-Mar	7:20	19:23
19-Mar	7:18	19:24
20-Mar	7:16	19:26
21-Mar	7:14	19:27
22-Mar	7:12	19:28
23-Mar	7:10	19:30
24-Mar	7:08	19:31
25-Mar	7:06	19:33
26-Mar	7:04	19:34
27-Mar	7:02	19:35
28-Mar	7:00	19:37
29-Mar	6:58	19:38
30-Mar	6:56	19:39
31-Mar	6:54	19:41

# **Hunter Harvest Log and Harvest Surveys**

Harvest reporting is one of the best and most important sources of information used to guide the management of game species. Hunters are encouraged to use the tables below to keep track of their harvest and effort (of animals harvested, # of hours spent hunting) throughout the hunting season and to share the information with the Fish and Wildlife Section after the season has ended.

A \$50 gift card to a local hunting or fishing gear shop will be randomly awarded to hunters that submit a hard copy of their Hunter Harvest Log.

Email and text message furbearer and game harvest surveys will also be sent to license holders each spring or summer.

A \$100 gift card will be randomly awarded to one participant in the furbearer hunter harvest survey and one participant in the game hunter harvest survey.



Hunter Harvest Log				
Date	Hours Spent Hunting	Species	# Harvested	

Hunter Harvest Log				
Date	Hours Spent Hunting	Species	# Harvested	

Hunter Harvest Log				
Date	Hours Spent Hunting	Species	# Harvested	

Hunter Harvest Log				
Date	Hours Spent Hunting	Species	# Harvested	

### Online Hunter Education



# DUCK STAMP = CONSERVATION

WATERFOWL HUNTERS DIRECTLY FUND PROJECTS THAT BY PURCHASING THE CANADIAN DUCK STAMP



Recruit and educate new hunters



Conserve and restore wildlife habita



Study and protect migratory birds

Since 1985, the Stamp has raised over \$50 million for conservation whc.org



