Pursuant to section 25 of the *Environmental Protection Act* R.S.P.E.I. 1988, Cap. E-9, Council made the following regulations:

1. In these regulations
   (a) “acceptable concentration level” means a concentration level of petroleum hydrocarbons in an environmental media that is equal to or less than the applicable concentration level for the same petroleum hydrocarbons as shown in the lookup tables;
   (b) “Act” means the *Environmental Protection Act* R.S.P.E.I. 1988, Cap. E-9;
   (c) “Atlantic PIRI Committee” means the Atlantic Partnership in RBCA Implementation Committee that oversees the implementation of the RBCA process in Prince Edward Island, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, and Newfoundland and Labrador;
   (d) “environmental media” means soil, sediments, surface water, groundwater, air, animals and plants;
   (e) “environmental site assessment” means a systematic process, as outlined in the RBCA User Guidance document, by which a site professional may characterize or delineate the concentrations or quantities of petroleum hydrocarbons in an environmental media and compare those concentrations and quantities with the acceptable concentration levels set out in the lookup tables;
   (f) “limited remedial action” means limited remediation of soil impacts of petroleum hydrocarbons in environmental media at a site as outlined in Schedule B under the direction of a site professional or a Department employee, by repairing, restoring or remediating the site;
   (g) “lookup table” means a Tier I or Tier II lookup table as set out in Schedule A;
   (h) “non-aqueous phase liquids” means undissolved petroleum hydrocarbons that float at the top of an aquifer;
   (i) “petroleum hydrocarbons” means a mixture of hydrocarbons, with or without additives, that is used or can be used as a combustible fuel for an internal combustion engine or for heating purposes, including
      (i) gasoline, diesel, heating and airplane fuel, and
      (ii) lubricants, such as used engine oil;
   (j) “record of site condition” means a record of site condition as shown on the form set out in Schedule C completed under subsection 5(2), 8(1) or 12(1);
   (k) “responsible party” means
      (i) the owner of a storage tank system,
      (ii) the person with the care and control of a storage tank system,
      (iii) the owner of the site on which a storage tank system is, or was, located, or
      (iv) a person acting on behalf of any person described in subclauses (i) to (iii);
3. (1) Where a site professional conducts an environmental assessment for a responsible party,
(a) the site professional shall report his or her findings to the responsible party as soon as possible after completing the site assessment; and
(b) the responsible party shall notify the Minister as soon as possible after receiving the report of the findings of the site professional if any of the following findings are reported by the site professional:
   (i) the petroleum hydrocarbon concentrations at the site are in excess of the applicable acceptable concentration levels;
   (ii) the methyl tertiary-butyl ether concentrations at the site are equal to or greater than 15 parts per billion in groundwater.

(2) Where a responsible party is required to give notice to the Minister under clause (1)(b), the responsible party shall give written notice of the findings referred to in clause (1)(b) to all parties that have property that may be affected by the petroleum hydrocarbons in the environmental media of the source site, within three business days of the notice given to the Minister.

(1) Subject to subsection (5), where the Minister receives a notice under clause 3(1)(b); or

4. (1) Subject to subsection (5), where the Minister receives a notice under clause 3(1)(b); or
(b) has reason to believe that there may be petroleum hydrocarbons in the environmental media at a site, the Minister shall make a preliminary determination as to whether limited remedial action is appropriate or not to repair, restore and remedy the site affected.

(2) Where the Minister makes a preliminary determination under subsection (1) that limited remedial action is or is not appropriate for the remediation of a site, the Minister shall provide the responsible party with notice of his or her preliminary determination together with reasons for the determination.

(3) Where the responsible party for a site receives a notice from the Minister that the Minister has made a preliminary determination under subsection (1) that limited remedial action is not appropriate for the remediation of the site, the responsible party shall cause an environmental site assessment of the site to be made within the time specified by the Minister.

(4) Where the responsible party for a site receives a notice that the Minister has made a preliminary determination under subsection (1) that limited remedial action is appropriate for the remediation of the site, the responsible party shall:
   (a) cause an environmental site assessment of the site to be made in accordance with section 7 to determine the scope of the remedial action that is necessary; or
   (b) use limited remedial action at the site in compliance with the procedures set out in Schedule B.

(5) No person shall use limited remedial action at a site where any of the following conditions are present at the site:
   (a) the presence of petroleum hydrocarbons is associated with the failure of a petroleum storage tank system at a retail outlet;
   (b) there are multiple sources of petroleum hydrocarbons at the site;
   (c) it is evident that the presence of petroleum hydrocarbons has had an impact on the groundwater at the site;
   (d) measures other than short-term emergency action or excavation are required to address petroleum hydrocarbon vapours within a building;
   (e) non-petroleum hydrocarbons are found at the site, in addition to petroleum hydrocarbons;
   (f) the site characteristics and possible exposure scenarios are incompatible with the RBCA default values set out in the RBCA User Guidance document for the current and reasonably foreseeable future site activities.

5. (1) Where limited remedial action at a site is completed pursuant to clause 4(4)(b), the site professional shall compare soil samples taken from the site with
   (a) the site specific target levels; or
   (b) the lookup tables, where there are no site specific target levels, as determined in accordance with the reference documentation set out in Schedule B.

(2) Subject to subsection (3), after completion of limited remedial action at a site, the site professional shall submit a closure report and a record of site condition to the Minister where the site professional finds that
   (a) the maximum petroleum hydrocarbon levels at the site are equal to or less than
      (i) the acceptable concentration levels set out in the lookup tables, or
      (ii) the site specific target levels; and
   (b) none of the conditions referred to in subsection 4(5) are present at the site.

(3) A site professional may not submit a closure report under subsection (2) if any of the following conditions are present at the site:
   (a) the soils contain liquid or free petroleum hydrocarbons;
   (b) the surface soils are stained;
   (c) residual petroleum hydrocarbons are present in the soil at concentrations that cause objectionable odours or cause explosive conditions with indoor or outdoor air.

### Table: Reasons for Determination

<table>
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<th>Determination</th>
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### Table: Closure Report

<table>
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<td>Compare soil samples after remediation</td>
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<tr>
<td>Closure report</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No closure report</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
(d) petroleum hydrocarbons in bedrock are present at the site and the site is determined to have a potable water well by using the reference documentation set out in Schedule B;
(e) any of the conditions referred to in subsection 4(5).

(4) The Minister shall review the documents received under subsection (2) within four weeks of receiving them and by a written notice to the responsible party to indicate that the Minister
(a) accepts the documents submitted pursuant to subsection (2); or
(b) rejects the documents submitted pursuant to subsection (2) if
(i) the report indicates that the levels of petroleum hydrocarbons in the soil samples exceed the acceptable concentration levels in the lookup tables or the site specific target levels, or
(ii) in the Minister’s opinion, the remediation procedure or the soil samples comparison procedure was deficient.

(5) A responsible party who receives a written notice under clause (4)(b) shall, as directed by the Minister,
(a) resume limited remedial action within the time frame specified by the Minister;
(b) resume limited remedial action until the Minister is satisfied that the levels of petroleum hydrocarbons are equal to or less than the acceptable concentration levels of the lookup tables or the site specific target levels; or
(c) complete an environmental site assessment in accordance with section 7.

6. The Minister may, at any time,
(a) cause soil samples to be taken from any site on which limited remedial action has been taken, for the purpose of comparing the samples with the lookup tables or with the site specific target levels; and
(b) cause a closure report to be completed respecting the site from which soil samples were taken under clause (a).

7. Every site professional shall, when carrying out an environmental site assessment,
(a) perform the environmental site assessment in accordance with current RBCA User Guidance document;
(b) compare the site conditions with the applicable cleanup criteria as described in Schedule D to
(i) demonstrate whether the groundwater quality is potable or non-potable, and
(ii) determine the extent of petroleum hydrocarbons in both soil and groundwater by comparison to the applicable acceptable concentration levels; and
(c) compare soil samples and groundwater samples from the site with the lookup tables or the site specific target levels in accordance with the reference documentation set out in Schedule D.

8. (1) Subject to subsection (2), as soon as possible after completing an environmental site assessment, a site professional shall submit a closure report and a record of site condition to the Minister if a comparison performed pursuant to clause 7(b) indicates
(a) that the maximum levels of petroleum hydrocarbons from the soil or groundwater samples are equal to or less than
(i) the site specific target levels, or
(ii) the applicable concentration levels in the lookup tables where there are no site specific target levels; and
(b) that none of the conditions referred to in subsection (2) are present at the site.

(2) A site professional shall not submit a closure report under subsection (1) if any of the following conditions of the site are present:
(a) any of the conditions described in clauses 5(3)(a), (b) or (c);
(b) the site characteristics and possible exposure scenarios are incompatible with the RBCA default values set out in the RBCA User Guidance document for the current and reasonably foreseeable future site activities.

(3) The Minister shall review the documents received under subsection (1) within four weeks of receiving them and by a written notice to the responsible party indicate that the Minister
(a) accepts the documents submitted pursuant to subsection (2); or
(b) rejects the documents submitted pursuant to subsection (2) if
(i) the report indicates that the levels of petroleum hydrocarbons in the soil samples exceed the acceptable concentration levels in the lookup tables or the site specific target levels, or
(ii) in the Minister’s opinion, the remediation procedure or the soil samples comparison procedure was deficient.

9. (1) Where
   (a) a responsible party has received the findings of a site professional who has conducted an environmental site assessment for the responsible party in accordance with section 7; and
   (b) the findings indicate that the levels of petroleum hydrocarbons from the soil or groundwater samples are greater than
      (i) the site specific target levels, or
      (ii) the applicable concentration levels in the lookup tables where there are no site specific target levels,

   the responsible party shall, within 60 days of receiving the findings, submit a remedial action plan to the Minister respecting the petroleum hydrocarbons identified in the environmental site assessment.

   (2) A remedial action plan submitted under subsection (1) shall include
      (a) a description of the remedial or site management action to be taken;
      (b) a summary of the rationale used to develop remedial or site management actions;
      (c) a description of the monitoring plan for the site;
      (d) a schedule of milestones to be reached under the proposed remedial action plan; and
      (e) a target completion date.

   (3) The Minister may, in respect of a remedial action plan submitted under subsection (1) or 10(2)
      (a) accept the plan if the Minister is satisfied with the descriptions, summary, schedule and target completion date of the remedial action plan; or
      (b) reject the remedial action plan if
         (i) the Minister disagrees with any part of the remedial action plan, or
         (ii) the Minister believes that the remedial action plan as submitted would not achieve satisfactory remediation of the site.

   (4) The Minister, within four weeks of receiving the documents required to be submitted under subsection (2), (5) or 10(2), shall provide a written notice to the responsible party indicating that the Minister
      (a) accepts the remedial action plan or modified remedial action plan, as the case may be, for the site; or
      (b) rejects the remedial action plan as submitted and requires the responsible party to modify the remedial action plan as set out in the notice.

   (5) A responsible party that receives a notice under clause (4)(b) shall, within 30 days of receipt of the notice, submit a modified remedial action plan to the Minister.

   (6) The Minister may, in accepting a remedial action plan submitted under subsection (3) or a modified remedial action plan submitted under subsection (5), place such conditions on the plan as the Minister considers necessary, including
      (a) halting the cleanup under such circumstances as may be specified; or
      (b) requiring the mitigation of any adverse consequences of remedial or cleanup action at the site.

   (7) The Minister, upon the written request of the responsible party, may extend the target completion date as accepted in the remedial action plan or modified remedial action plan if the Minister is satisfied that there is a good reason for the extension.

   (8) No person shall implement a remedial action plan without the Minister’s prior acceptance of that plan except as provided in subsection 10(3).

10. (1) A responsible party shall implement a remedial action plan accepted by the Minister under subsections 9(4) or (5), as set out in the plan.

   (2) Where
(a) a responsible party has received the findings of a site professional who has conducted an environmental site assessment for the responsible party in accordance with section 7; and
(b) the findings indicate that the levels of petroleum hydrocarbons from the soil or groundwater samples are greater than
   (i) the site specific target levels, or
   (ii) the applicable concentration levels in the lookup tables where there are no site specific target levels,
the responsible party shall, within 60 days of receiving the findings, submit a remedial action plan to the Minister respecting the petroleum hydrocarbons identified in the environmental site assessment.

(3) A responsible party may begin the cleanup of soil and groundwater before a remedial action plan is accepted by the Minister if the responsible party
   (a) is of the opinion that immediate action is required to prevent further injury to the environment;
   (b) notifies the Minister of the intention to begin cleanup;
   (c) incorporates the cleanup measures in the remedial action plan to be submitted to the Minister for acceptance; and
   (d) obtains any necessary authorization from the Minister prior to discharging any waste to the environment.

11. Where a responsible party has completed an accepted remedial action plan for a site, the Minister may direct the responsible party to monitor the soil, vapours, groundwater, or surface water at the site for the purpose of verifying the effectiveness of the remedial action taken in accordance with the accepted remedial action plan.

12. (1) Upon the completion of a remedial action plan, the site professional supervising the remedial action plan shall submit a closure report and a record of site condition under the circumstances described in subsection 8(1).

   (2) The Minister, within four weeks of receiving a closure report and record of site condition under subsection (1), shall provide a written notice to the responsible party
      (a) indicating that the Minister accepts the closure report and record of site condition; or
      (b) indicating
         (i) that the Minister is not satisfied that the site has been remediated, if
            (A) the levels of petroleum hydrocarbons in the soil and groundwater samples exceed the acceptable concentration levels of the lookup tables or the site specific target levels, or
            (B) in the Minister’s opinion the remediation procedure or comparison of soil and groundwater samples was deficient, and
         (ii) the manner in which the site is to be dealt with under subsection (3).

   (3) A responsible party who receives a written notice under clause (2)(b) shall, as directed by the Minister and in accordance with the regulations,
      (a) resume remedial action at the site until the Minister is satisfied that the levels of petroleum hydrocarbons are equal to or less than the acceptable concentration levels or the site specific target levels; or
      (b) cause an environmental site assessment to be completed by a site professional in accordance with section 7 within the time specified by the Minister.

13. (1) The Minister may, on the application of a responsible party, enter into a voluntary remediation agreement with the responsible party respecting a site for the purpose of addressing and remediating petroleum hydrocarbon impacts in the environmental media related to the site.

   (2) An application for a voluntary remediation agreement under subsection (1) shall be in Form 1 of Schedule E.

   (3) A voluntary remediation agreement shall
      (a) be in Form 2 of Schedule E; and
      (b) contain a remedial action plan accepted by the Minister.

   (4) The Minister may enter into a voluntary remediation agreement with multiple responsible parties if one of the responsible parties is designated to serve as the contact person for the Minister.
(5) The Minister may enter into a voluntary remediation agreement on
(a) an individual site basis, or
(b) a multiple site basis where the responsible party is the same on
the multiple sites and the remediation strategies and timelines are
common to the multiple sites.

(6) The Minister may reject a voluntary remediation agreement
application submitted pursuant to subsection (2) where
(a) a responsible party has not complied with remediation
requirements at another site; or
(b) in the case of multiple responsible parties, a contact person has
not been designated under subsection (4).

(7) The Minister may, upon the written request of a responsible party
amend a voluntary remediation agreement for the purpose of extending
the target completion date if the Minister is satisfied with the reason
given for the change of date.

14. (1) The Minister may, subject to subsection (2), terminate a voluntary
remediation agreement with the responsible party if,
(a) there is a change in ownership of the site subject to the
agreement; or
(b) the Minister is satisfied that the responsible party is not in
compliance with the voluntary remediation agreement.

(2) The Minister, or a responsible party, shall, before terminating a
voluntary remediation agreement, give 30 days written notice of
termination.

(3) Where a voluntary remediation agreement with multiple
responsible parties is in effect and one or more of the responsible parties
fails to comply with these regulations or with the provisions of the
agreement, the Minister may terminate the agreement with respect to the
responsible parties who fail to comply, and the agreement may remain
valid for the other responsible parties.

(4) If the responsible party who fails to comply is also the contact
person for the agreement, the Minister may terminate the entire
agreement.

15. A person who complies with a voluntary remediation agreement is
not relieved from any obligation to comply with other applicable laws or
regulations.

16. The Minister shall not initiate an enforcement action against any
person in respect of the petroleum hydrocarbons on a site that is
(a) the subject of a voluntary remediation agreement; and
(b) in the process of remediation in compliance with such agreement.

17. These regulations come into force on November 25, 2006.

**SCHEDULE A**

**Lookup Tables**

**TABLE 1: Tier I Risk-Based Concentration Level Table: Soil (mg/kg)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Receptor</th>
<th>Ground-water use</th>
<th>Soil type</th>
<th>Petroleum Hydrocarbons</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Benzene</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Coarse-grained</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Residential</td>
<td>Potable</td>
<td>0.03</td>
<td>0.56</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fine-grained</td>
<td>0.01</td>
<td>0.08</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-Potable</td>
<td>Coarse-grained</td>
<td>0.16</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fine-grained</td>
<td>1.5</td>
<td>120</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Commercial</td>
<td>Potable</td>
<td>0.03</td>
<td>0.56</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fine-grained</td>
<td>0.01</td>
<td>0.08</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-Potable</td>
<td>Coarse-grained</td>
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<td>160</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fine-grained</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>680</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*TPH = total petroleum hydrocarbons
### TABLE 2: Tier I Risk-Based Concentration Level Table: Groundwater (mg/L)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Receptor</th>
<th>Groundwater use</th>
<th>Soil Type</th>
<th>Petroleum Hydrocarbons</th>
<th>Benzene</th>
<th>Toluene</th>
<th>Ethyl Benzene</th>
<th>Xylenes</th>
<th>Modified *TPH</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Coarse-</td>
<td>Gas</td>
<td>0.005</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>#6 Oil</td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Residential</td>
<td>Potable</td>
<td>Fine-</td>
<td>Gas</td>
<td>0.005</td>
<td>0.024</td>
<td>0.0024</td>
<td>0.5</td>
<td>4.4</td>
</tr>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
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<td>#6 Oil</td>
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<td></td>
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</table>

*TPH = total petroleum hydrocarbons

**Soil ingestion includes dermal contact but not the inhalation of soil particulate exposure pathway.

### TABLE 3: Tier II Pathway-Specific Concentration Level Table: Soil (mg/kg)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Receptor</th>
<th>Groundwater use</th>
<th>Soil Type</th>
<th>Exposure Pathway</th>
<th>Petroleum Hydrocarbons</th>
<th>Benzene</th>
<th>Toluene</th>
<th>Ethyl Benzene</th>
<th>Xylenes</th>
<th>Modified *TPH</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Coarse-</td>
<td>Indoor Air</td>
<td>Gas</td>
<td>0.16</td>
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<td>7,000</td>
<td>120,000</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
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<td>&gt;430</td>
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<td>330</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td>Soil Ingestion</td>
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<td>7,000</td>
<td>120,000</td>
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<td></td>
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<td>Soil Ingestion</td>
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</tr>
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<td>&gt;430</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>450</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Fine-</td>
<td>Indoor Air</td>
<td>Gas</td>
<td>1.1</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>&gt;430</td>
<td>&gt;10,000</td>
<td>&gt;10,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>grained</td>
<td>Soil Ingestion</td>
<td>###</td>
<td>570</td>
<td>10,000</td>
<td>10,000</td>
<td>180,000</td>
<td>14,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Soil Leaching</td>
<td></td>
<td>0.0071</td>
<td>0.062</td>
<td>0.018</td>
<td>2.3</td>
<td>520</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Non-</td>
<td>Indoor Air</td>
<td>Gas</td>
<td>1.8</td>
<td>160</td>
<td>&gt;430</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>450</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Potable</td>
<td>Fine-</td>
<td>Soil Ingestion</td>
<td>###</td>
<td>570</td>
<td>10,000</td>
<td>10,000</td>
<td>180,000</td>
<td>14,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>grained</td>
<td>Soil Leaching</td>
<td></td>
<td>No applicable for non-potable scenarios</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Fine-</td>
<td>Indoor Air</td>
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<td>1.1</td>
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<td>&gt;430</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>grained</td>
<td>Soil Ingestion</td>
<td>###</td>
<td>570</td>
<td>10,000</td>
<td>10,000</td>
<td>180,000</td>
<td>14,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Soil Leaching</td>
<td></td>
<td>No applicable for non-potable scenarios</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Fine-</td>
<td>Indoor Air</td>
<td>Gas</td>
<td>1.8</td>
<td>160</td>
<td>&gt;430</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>450</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>grained</td>
<td>Soil Ingestion</td>
<td>###</td>
<td>570</td>
<td>10,000</td>
<td>10,000</td>
<td>180,000</td>
<td>14,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*TPH = total petroleum hydrocarbons

**Soil ingestion includes dermal contact but not the inhalation of soil particulate exposure pathway.
TABLE 4: Tier II Pathway-Specific Concentration Level Table: Groundwater (mg/L)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Receptor</th>
<th>Groundwater use</th>
<th>Soil type</th>
<th>Exposure pathway</th>
<th>Petroleum Hydrocarbons</th>
<th>Benzene</th>
<th>Toluene</th>
<th>Ethylbenzene</th>
<th>Xylenes</th>
<th>Modified *TPH</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Gas</td>
<td>Diesel #4</td>
<td>#6 Oil</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Residential Potable</td>
<td>Coarse-grained</td>
<td>Indoor Air</td>
<td>Ingestion</td>
<td>0.05</td>
<td>0.024</td>
<td>0.0024</td>
<td>0.3</td>
<td>4.4</td>
<td>3.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Gas</td>
<td>Diesel #4</td>
<td>#6 Oil</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-potable</td>
<td>Coarse-grained</td>
<td>Indoor Air</td>
<td>Ingestion</td>
<td>0.05</td>
<td>0.024</td>
<td>0.0024</td>
<td>0.3</td>
<td>4.4</td>
<td>3.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Commercial Potable</td>
<td>Coarse-grained</td>
<td>Indoor Air</td>
<td>Ingestion</td>
<td>0.05</td>
<td>0.024</td>
<td>0.0024</td>
<td>0.3</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Gas</td>
<td>Diesel #4</td>
<td>#6 Oil</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-potable</td>
<td>Coarse-grained</td>
<td>Indoor Air</td>
<td>Ingestion</td>
<td>0.05</td>
<td>0.024</td>
<td>0.0024</td>
<td>0.3</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*TPH = total petroleum hydrocarbons

SCHEDULE B
Reference Documentation for Limited Remedial Action

1.0 Soil Sample Testing Requirements for Site Evaluation

1.1 Once soil removal from the site is complete, representative soil samples shall be taken ensuring that the mixing of samples from different excavation sidewalls and base does not occur. Representative soil samples shall be collected from all walls and the floor of the excavation.

1.2 Where the petroleum hydrocarbons have reached bedrock, a base sample of the overburden soils shall be collected at the bedrock/overburden soil interface in the remedial excavation.

1.3 Any anomalous soils shall be identified and sampled.

1.4 Sampling protocols, consistent with current industry standards, shall be adhered to.

1.5 Soils shall be analyzed at a Canadian Association of Environmental Analytical Laboratories certified lab.

1.6 Soils shall be analyzed for Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene, Xylenes (BTEX) and Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (TPH) according to Atlantic PIRI Tier I or II analytical methods where there is concern about the presence of petroleum hydrocarbons. Any other chemicals of concern shall be analyzed by a method acceptable to the Minister.

2.0 Reporting Requirements for Limited Remedial Action Closure Report

2.1 A closure report shall contain the following information:

A. Site Plan
A site plan shall include the following:
(a) a plan drawn to scale;
(b) the location of property boundaries;
(c) property identification numbers for the site and all other properties shown on the plan;
(d) the locations of human and ecological receptors (i.e., buildings, wells, watercourses, etc.) on the site and adjacent properties;
(e) the locations of preferential pathways (i.e., drains, underground lines, etc.);
(f) the limits of soil excavation;
(g) all soil sampling locations;
(h) all soil sample results for BTEX, and TPH; and
(i) the delineation of petroleum hydrocarbon concentrations to applicable concentration levels in the lookup tables.

B. Site Description
A description of the site shall be provided which includes the following:
(a) the identification of land use activities;
(b) a description of the water supply on the site and adjacent properties; and
(c) the identification of soil types, strata, and depth on the site.

C. Field Procedures
The following field procedure descriptions shall be included:
(a) remedial action on the site;
(b) all sampling protocols; and
(c) the disposal method for excavated soils.

EXECUTIVE COUNCIL __________________________ 14 NOVEMBER 2006
D. Analytical results
Lab certificates for all soil samples shall be included.

3.0 Comparison Criteria for Limited Remedial Action

3.1 The following criteria shall be used when comparing soil samples to the Tier I or Tier II lookup table values or the site specific target levels (SSTLs) derived from the RBCA computer model to determine if soil samples are greater or less than the concentrations shown in the applicable lookup tables:

A. Cleanup Criteria Land Use Selection Consideration

When making a determination of land use for the applicable concentration levels in the lookup tables, the site professional shall take into account current and reasonable potential future land use based on the following factors:
(a) current and proposed zoning for the site;
(b) land use and planning policies of the government or the municipality in which the site and adjacent sites are situated;
(c) current site activities; and
(d) proposed site activities.

B. Cleanup Criteria Groundwater Use Selection Consideration

When making a determination whether the water at the site is potable or non-potable for the applicable concentration levels in the lookup tables, the site professional shall take into account the following factors:
(a) current and proposed uses for groundwater on the site;
(b) current and proposed groundwater uses of adjacent properties;
(c) the potential for groundwater to pollute potable groundwater;
(d) evidence of the degradation of local groundwater quality to a non-potable state; and
(e) whether analytical testing of the local background groundwater quality indicates past human activities have caused degradation of groundwater quality to a non-potable state.

C. Cleanup Criteria Selection Consideration

The following are mandatory criteria that must be satisfied before applying the Tier I and Tier II lookup table values:
(a) non-aqueous phase liquids shall not be present in groundwater;
(b) potable drinking water shall be free of any objectionable taste and odour;
(c) soils shall not contain any liquid or free petroleum hydrocarbons;
(d) residual petroleum hydrocarbons shall not create objectionable odours or explosive conditions in indoor or outdoor air;
(e) surface soils shall not be stained; and
(f) the site characteristics and exposure scenarios shall be compatible with the RBCA default values specified in the current RBCA User Guidance document.

SCHEDULE C
RECORD OF SITE CONDITION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Part 1: Site Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Civic Address:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Current PID Number:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Current Owner:</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Part 2: List of Environmental Documentation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A. The following documentation, prepared by persons other than the site professional (including peer review reports, if any), pertain to the site or any other impacted third party properties. Please list documents in chronological order:</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Document Title</th>
<th>Company</th>
<th>Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Part 3: Tier I, Tier II and Site Specific Target Levels - Environmental Site Criteria</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Petroleum hydrocarbons (e.g. gasoline, lead, waste oil, etc.) that have been identified as originating from the site:</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Gasoline</th>
<th>#2 Diesel</th>
<th>#6 Oil</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Other (Specify): ___________________

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Current land use:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Residential</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Commercial</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other (Specify):</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Drinking water use:
On-site potable water
Within a wellfield protected area
Non-potable water

Impacted Soil composition:
Course-grained
Fine-grained
Bedrock (Specify):

Analysis Type:
Tier I
Tier II
Site Specific Target Level Criteria
Other (Specify):

Description of methodology (Investigative and Remedial Options):
Limited Remedial Action
Environmental Site Assessment

Part 4: Corrective Actions
Describe the remedial objectives and the basic corrective actions of the Limited Remedial Action or the Remedial Action Plan employed for the site.

Describe the current use of the site (buildings, operations, etc.).

Based on the work completed, the site (cited in Part 1) is suitable for the following current or reasonably foreseeable future site activity.

Residential
Commercial

If site closure is conditional, list site specific engineered or institutional controls that apply to the site together with a description of the objectives of each control.

Part 5: Summary Statement of Site Professional
The signature of the site professional on this form indicates the fulfillment of the checked statements.

Please check appropriate statements (statements 1, 2 and 6 are mandatory):
☐ 1. All work on which this record of site condition is based was prepared, overseen or reviewed by the site professional.
☐ 2. The site was assessed or remediated in accordance with Prince Edward Island’s Petroleum Hydrocarbon Remediation Regulations.
☐ 3. Based on the results of the limited remedial action or environmental site assessment, the applicable Tier I, Tier II or site specific target level criteria were not exceeded on the site and therefore, remedial action or site specific engineered or institutional controls are not required for the current or reasonably foreseeable future site activities.
☐ 4. The site has been remediated to an acceptable levels of petroleum hydrocarbons for the current or reasonably foreseeable future site activities (as cited in Part 4) and unconditional closure is recommended.
☐ 5. The site requires site specific engineered or institutional controls to satisfy the current or reasonably foreseeable future site activities (as cited in Part 4) and conditional closure is recommended.
☐ 6. This record of site condition form is identical to the one listed in the Petroleum Hydrocarbon Remediation Regulations or as provided by the PEI Department of Environment, Energy and Forestry and the form has not been altered, other than by filling in the blank spaces as appropriate.

Company: ______________________________
Contact Name: __________________________
Address: ______________________________
Date: _______________
Signature: _____________________________

Professional Seal
Here
EXECUTIVE COUNCIL __________________________ 14 NOVEMBER 2006

SCHEDULE D
REFERENCE DOCUMENTATION FOR ENVIRONMENTAL SITE ASSESSMENTS

1.0 Comparison Criteria for Environmental Site Assessment

The following criteria shall be used when comparing confirmatory soil samples with the Tier I or Tier II lookup table values or the site specific target levels derived from the RBCA computer model to determine if soil samples are greater or less than the concentrations shown in the applicable concentration levels in the lookup tables:

1.1 Cleanup Criteria Land Use Selection Consideration

When making a determination of land use for the applicable concentration levels in the lookup tables, the site professional shall take into account current and reasonable potential future land use based on the following factors:

(a) current and proposed zoning for the site;
(b) land use and planning policies of the government or the municipality in which the site and adjacent properties are situated;
(c) current site activities; and
(d) proposed site activities.

1.2 Cleanup Criteria Groundwater Use Selection Consideration

When making a determination whether the site is potable or non-potable for the applicable levels in the lookup tables, the site professional shall take into account the following factors:

(a) current and proposed uses for groundwater on the site;
(b) current and proposed groundwater uses of adjacent properties;
(c) the potential for groundwater to pollute potable groundwater;
(d) evidence of the degradation of local groundwater quality to a non-potable state; and
(e) whether analytical testing of the local background groundwater quality indicates past human activities have caused degradation of groundwater quality to a non-potable state.

1.3 Cleanup Criteria Selection Consideration

The following are mandatory criteria that must be satisfied before applying the Tier I and Tier II lookup table values:

(a) non-aqueous phase liquids are not present in groundwater;
(b) potable drinking water are free of objectionable taste and odour;
(c) soils do not contain liquid or free petroleum hydrocarbons;
(d) residual petroleum hydrocarbons do not create objectionable odours or explosive conditions in indoor or outdoor air;
(e) surface soils are not stained; and
(f) the site characteristics and exposure scenarios are compatible with the RBCA default values specified in the current RBCA User Guidance document.

SCHEDULE E
Form 1
Voluntary Remediation Application

Section 12 of the Petroleum Hydrocarbon Remediation Regulations made under the Environmental Protection Act R.S.P.E.I. 1988, Cap. E-9, allows the Minister and a Responsible Party to enter into a voluntary remediation agreement.

Personal information on this form is collected under subsection 12(2) of the Environmental Protection Act R.S.P.E.I. 1988, Cap. E-9 Petroleum Hydrocarbon Remediation Regulations as it relates directly to and is necessary for an application to enter into a voluntary remediation agreement. If you have any questions about this collection of personal information, you may contact the Director of Pollution Prevention Division, 11 Kent Street, Jones Building, Charlottetown, PEI C1A 7N8, Phone: (902) 368-5474.

SECTION 1 - Applicant Contact Information

Name of Applicant:
Mailing Address:
Phone: Fax:
Email:

Property Identification Number of Site (PID):
Location and Address of Site:
Current Owner:

Previous Owners in Last 10 Years:

Land Use History:

Current Land Use:

Foreseeable Future Land Use:
SECTION 2 – Multiple Sites (complete if the proposed Voluntary Remediation Agreement is to include more than one site)

Contact Person (responsible party to serve as contact person for the Minister):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property #</th>
<th>PID: _________________________</th>
<th>Location: ______________________________</th>
<th>Address: _____________________________________________________________</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Property #1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Property #2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Property #3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Property #4</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Property #5</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SECTION 3 – Remedial Action Plan

All applications must include, for acceptance by the Minister, a Remedial Action Plan for the site or sites to be included in the Voluntary Remediation Agreement. The Remedial Action Plan must include the following:

(a) a description of the corrective actions to be taken;

(b) a summary of the rationale used to develop remedial or site management actions;

(c) a description of the monitoring plan; and

(d) a schedule of milestones for compliance with the proposed remedial action plan.

SECTION 4 – Declaration of Ability and Intent (all applicants must complete)

I hereby declare that:

1. I am [initial one]
   ---- (a) the applicant and I acknowledge that this document is legally binding on me; or
   ---- (b) the agent of the applicant and I am fully authorized to make this declaration on behalf of the applicant and to acknowledge that this document is legally binding on the applicant.

2. I have personally examined and am familiar with sections 13 to 17 of the Petroleum Hydrocarbon Remediation Regulations made under the Environmental Protection Act.

3. I will employ a site professional with the required knowledge and experience to perform the proposed remedial work described in the remedial action plan.

4. I will notify the Department upon becoming aware of any inability to proceed with the proposed voluntary remediation actions.

Date ___________________________ Signature of Applicant/Agent

on behalf of

__________________________________
Company Name

Please forward application to:
Department of Environment, Energy & Forestry
Pollution Prevention Division, Field Supervisor
PO Box 2000, 11 Kent Street
Charlottetown, PE C1A 7N8
Fax: (902) 368-5830
Form 2

THIS AGREEMENT made this --------- day of -------------------, 20--

BETWEEN

The Government of Prince Edward Island, as represented by
the Minister of Environment, Energy and Forestry
(hereinafter called the “Minister”)

AND

(hereinafter called the “Responsible Party”)

Voluntary Remediation Agreement
(pursuant to section 12 of the Petroleum Hydrocarbon Remediation Regulations)

WHEREAS section 12 of the regulations authorizes the Minister of Environment, Energy
and Forestry to enter into a Voluntary Remediation Agreement respecting a site for the
purpose remediating petroleum hydrocarbon impacts in the environment related to the site;

AND WHEREAS the Responsible Party has applied to enter into a Voluntary Remediation
Agreement with the Minister pursuant to subsection 13(1) of the regulations;

AND WHEREAS the Responsible Party will undertake the remediation, in accordance with
the regulations and this agreement, of one or more sites that contain petroleum
hydrocarbons;

NOW THEREFORE in consideration of these premises and the mutual covenants and
agreements herein contained, the parties hereto agree as follows:

Definitions

1. In this Agreement, the following definitions apply:

(a) “Responsible Party” means
(i) the owner of a storage tank system,
(ii) the person with the care and control of a storage tank system,
(iii) the owner of the site on which a storage tank system is located, or
(iv) a person acting on behalf of any person described in subclauses (i) to (iii);

(b) “regulations” means the Petroleum Hydrocarbon Remediation Regulations made under
the Environmental Protection Act;

(c) “site” means a site on which a petroleum hydrocarbons are present, whether or not there
is a petroleum storage tank system on the site.

Covenants of the Responsible Party

2. The Responsible Party shall

(a) undertake the remediation of all sites referred to in the application in accordance with
(i) the application which is incorporated as part of this Agreement, and
(ii) the regulations;

(b) determine the clean-up criteria for the sites referred to in this Agreement using the
current version of the risk based corrective action model;

(c) complete the site remediation in accordance with the Remedial Action Plan submitted
with the application and accepted by the Minister by the following dates:

_______________________________     ___________________________

(d) upon completion of the Remedial Action Plan, submit to the Minister for acceptance a
record of site condition and a closure report by the following date:

______________________

(e) accept the sole responsibility for compliance with all Federal, Provincial and Municipal
laws, regulations and bylaws that may have application to the work being performed under
this Agreement.

Covenants of the Minister

3. The Minister:

(a) subject to paragraph (b), shall not initiate an enforcement action, including an
administrative or judicial action against a Responsible Party in respect of the petroleum
hydrocarbons on a site that is the subject of a voluntary remediation agreement and in the
process of remediation in compliance with such agreement;

(b) may take any enforcement action it deems necessary if this Agreement is terminated or
rescinded, or if the Responsible Party does not successfully implement the Agreement
within the targeted time frames established in paragraph 2(c); and

(c) shall, pursuant to subsection 9(3) of the regulations, provide a written notice to the
Responsible Party within four weeks of receiving a closure report and record of site
condition indicating the acceptance or rejection of the closure report and record of site
condition.
Termination of Agreement

4. This Agreement may be terminated on 30 days written notice to the other party

(a) by the Minister under subsection 14(1) of the regulations if
   (i) the ownership of a site referred to in this agreement has changed,
   (ii) a Responsible Party is not in compliance with, or is in violation of, any of the
   terms of this Agreement; or

(b) by the Responsible Party under subsection 14(2) of the regulations.

Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act

5. The parties agree that any information that may be contained in this Agreement may be subject to release under the Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act. The Minister will consult with the Responsible Party prior to release of any information.

Indemnification

6. The Responsible Party shall indemnify and hold harmless the Minister, the Government, its agents, representatives and employees from and against all claims, demands, losses, costs, damages, actions, suits or proceedings of every nature and kind whatsoever arising out of or resulting from the performance of work, provided that any such claim is caused in whole or in part by any act, error or omission, including, but not limited to, those of negligence, of the Responsible Party or anyone directly or indirectly employed by the Responsible Party or anyone for whom the Responsible Party may be liable.

General

7. The application (Voluntary Remediation Application Number) ____, attached to this Agreement as schedule A and the remedial action plan submitted with the application and as accepted or modified by the Minister, attached as Schedule B, are incorporated into and form part of this Agreement.

8. This Agreement shall enure to the benefit of and be binding upon the parties hereto and their executors, administrators, successors and assigns.

9. This Agreement shall be interpreted and applied in accordance with the laws and in the courts of Prince Edward Island.

10. This Agreement expires upon the acceptance by the Minister of the closure report and record of site condition submitted by the Responsible Party pursuant to subsection 2(d) of this Agreement, unless it is sooner terminated or rescinded.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF the parties thereto have executed this Agreement as of the day and year above written.

SIGNED SEALED & DELIVERED

in the presence of:

__________

Minister of Environment, Energy and Forestry

__________

(name of person signing)

on behalf of (name of Responsible Party)

EXPLANATORY NOTES

SECTION 1 is the definition section.

SECTION 2 provides for the application of these regulations, refers to the lookup tables and provides that of petroleum hydrocarbons are not contaminants if the petroleum hydrocarbons are present at acceptable levels.

SECTION 3 deals with notification of the Minister regarding the findings of an environmental site assessment.

SECTION 4 deals with a preliminary determination respecting petroleum hydrocarbons in environmental media at a site.

SECTION 5 deals with limited remedial action, soil samples, closure reports and acceptance or rejection of the remediation of the site.

SECTION 6 allows the Minister to take soil samples at a remedial action site and cause a closure report to be completed.
SECTION 7 requires a environmental site assessment to be done by a site professional.

SECTION 8 deals with a closure report, the conditions precluding a closure report and the Minister’s acceptance of the remediation of the site or the Minister’s requirement that the responsible party repeat the environmental site assessment or perform further remedial action.

SECTION 9 deals with remedial action plans, the Minister’s acceptance or rejection of the plan and extension of the target completion date.

SECTION 10 deals with implementation of a remedial action plan, cleanup of soil and groundwater.

SECTION 11 deals with monitoring of a site after the remedial action.

SECTION 12 deals with a closure report and a record of site condition.

SECTION 13 deals with voluntary remediation agreements.

SECTION 14 deals with termination of a voluntary remediation agreement.

SECTION 15 provides that compliance with a remediation agreement does not relieve any person from obligations under other laws.

SECTION 16 waives enforcement action while a site is subject to a remediation agreement and the site professional and responsible party are in compliance with such agreement.

SECTION 17 provides for the commencement of these regulations.

EC2006-656

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION ACT
CONTAMINATED SITES REGISTRY REGULATIONS

Pursuant to section 25 of the Environmental Protection Act R.S.P.E.I. 1988, Cap. E-9, Council made the following regulations:

1. In these regulations

(a) “Act” means the Environmental Protection Act R.S.P.E.I. 1988, Cap. E-9;
(b) “CCME” means the Canadian Council of Ministers of the Environment;
(c) “construction and demolition debris” has the same meaning as the term “C & D debris” as defined in the Environmental Protection Act Waste Resource Management Regulations (EC691/00);
(d) “construction and demolition debris disposal site” means a site used for the disposal of construction and demolition debris;
(e) “inactive landfill facility” means a landfill facility that was in operation prior to January 1, 2003, and has not been closed in accordance with a Department approved closure plan;
(f) “landfill facility” means a facility for the disposal of waste by placing the waste in or on land;
(g) “lookup tables” means the lookup tables set out in the Environmental Protection Act Petroleum Hydrocarbon Remediation Regulations (EC655/06);
(h) “risk assessment” means a scientific examination of the nature and magnitude of the risk presented by contaminants in the environment to estimate the effects of the contaminants on humans or ecological receptors due to an existing or potential exposure to such contaminants;
(i) “risk management plan” means actions, including monitoring, designed to prevent or mitigate the level of risk from contaminants in the environment to human health or the environment estimated by a risk assessment.
2. The Minister may designate an area of the environment as a contaminated site after giving notice under subsection 21.1(5) of the Act, if
   
   (a) the area
   (i) has a landfill facility that was closed or decommissioned on or after January 1, 2003,
   (ii) has an inactive landfill facility, or
   (iii) is an inactive construction and demolition debris disposal site; and
   
   (b) after considering the following standards or criteria, the Minister’s opinion is that the area is a contaminated site:
   (i) the petroleum hydrocarbon concentrations present on or in the area of the environment are equal to or greater than the maximum allowable contaminant concentration for the applicable environmental media specified in lookup tables 1, 2, 3 and 4 in accordance with the Petroleum Hydrocarbon Remediation Regulations,
   (ii) the concentration of any non-petroleum contaminant present at the area are equal to or greater than the applicable generic numerical limits prescribed in CCME 1996b, “A Protocol for the Derivation of Environmental and Human Health Soil Quality Guidelines” as amended,
   (iii) a risk assessment report identifies an unacceptable risk with the contaminant concentration present at the area assessed and
   (A) there is no provision for a risk management plan, acceptable to the Minister, involving land use restoration to ensure that human health or environmental objectives are achieved, or
   (B) the Minister believes that the risk assessment report provides evidence that contamination of the site represents a significant hazard to human health.

3. An employee of the department shall, in a timely manner, enter into the contaminated sites registry each site designated by the Minister under section 2 together with the following information:
   (a) the parcel identification number of the site;
   (b) the date of entry of the site into the registry;
   (c) if available, the boundaries of the area of the environment that is contaminated.

4. These regulations come into force on November 25, 2006.

EXPLANATORY NOTES

SECTION 1 is the definition section.

SECTION 2 deals with the designation of a contaminated site by the Minister.

SECTION 3 specifies the information to be contained in the contaminated sites registry.

SECTION 4 provides for the commencement of these regulations.
The following responsibilities were assigned effective 14 November 2006.

1. **ACADIAN AND FRANCOPHONE AFFAIRS**  
   Minister of Community and Cultural Affairs

2. **THE DISABLED**  
   Minister of Social Services and Seniors

3. **INTERGOVERNMENTAL AFFAIRS**  
   President of the Executive Council

4. **LABOUR MARKET RESEARCH AND POLICY**  
   Minister of Development and Technology

5. **MULTICULTURALISM**  
   Minister of Community and Cultural Affairs

6. **NATIVE AFFAIRS**  
   Attorney General

7. **SENIORS**  
   Minister of Social Services and Seniors

8. **STATUS OF WOMEN**  
   Minister of Transportation and Public Works

9. **TELECOMMUNICATIONS, INTERNET AND BROADCASTING**  
   Provincial Treasurer

Order-in-Council EC2003-536 of 9 October 2003 is hereby rescinded.
EXECUTIVE COUNCIL __________________________ 14 NOVEMBER 2006

EC2006-658
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND
LANDS PROTECTION ACT
PROPERTY NO. 130252, LOT 36, QUEENS COUNTY
IDENTIFICATION FOR NON-DEVELOPMENT USE
AMENDMENT

Pursuant to subsection 9(2) of the Prince Edward Island Lands Protection Act R.S.P.E.I. 1988, Cap. L-5, Council amended the condition of non-development use made pursuant to section 2 of the Land Identification Regulations (EC606/95) in respect of approximately forty-one decimal zero six (41.06) acres of land, being Provincial Property No. 130252 located in Lot 36, Queens County, Prince Edward Island and currently owned by Steele Family Investments Ltd. of Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island.

Council noted that this amendment will enable subdivision of a right-of-way of approximately three decimal five (3.5) acres, and determined that following subdivision, identification for non-development use shall continue to apply to the remaining land.

This Order-in-Council comes into force on 14 November 2006.

EC2006-659
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND
LANDS PROTECTION ACT
PROVINCIALLY OWNED LAND AT TIGNISH
EXEMPTION FROM
IDENTIFICATION FOR NON-DEVELOPMENT USE

Pursuant to section 21 of the Prince Edward Island Lands Protection Act R.S.P.E.I. 1988, Cap. L-5 Council determined that, upon transfer to the Community of Tignish Shore, land located in Lot 1, Prince County, Prince Edward Island, being Property No. 733972 and part of Property No. 531970 intended for use as a public park, totalling approximately five decimal seven (5.7) acres, and currently owned by the Government of Prince Edward Island, as represented by the Minister of Transportation and Public Works, NOT be identified for non-development use under the Land Identification Program established by the Prince Edward Island Lands Protection Act Land Identification Regulations (EC606/95).

EC2006-660
PROVINCIAL COURT ACT
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE
APPOINTMENT


Further, Council ordered that the appointment of the said Wendy Roxane MacKinnon be limited to matters relating to the Town of Kensington bylaws, and should she cease to be employed with the Town of Kensington, that her appointment as a Justice of the Peace shall terminate coincident with the date her employment terminates.
EC2006-661

PROVINCIAL COURT ACT
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE
APPOINTMENT


Further, Council ordered that should the said Marilyn B. McKenna cease to be employed in her present capacity in the Provincial Court, that her appointment as a Justice of the Peace shall terminate coincident with the date her employment terminates.