

## **TROUBLESHOOTING**

> TIP: Be sure to check your blood glucose 2 hours after inserting a new infusion site

Issue	Possible Cause (s)	Action
High Blood Glucose	Insufficient supply of insulin Other causes of high blood glucose can be:  Illness/ fever Eating/ missed bolus Menstruation Infusion set kept in longer than recommended	Correction bolus, re-test in 1-2 hours.  If blood glucose is not coming down, give correction dose with insulin pen or syringe.  Insert a new infusion set in new site.
	Bent/ kinked or crimped cannula	Insert a new infusion set
Low Blood Glucose	Too much insulin	Discuss with your healthcare professional if you have a pattern of low blood glucose readings.
Site Irritation	<ul> <li>Infusion set may be catching on clothing</li> <li>Site or hands not clean</li> <li>New infusion set is too close to previous insertion site</li> <li>Infusion set kept in longer than recommended</li> </ul>	Wash hands and insert a new Infusion set using a clean new site at least 1- 2 inches away from your previous site. Contact your healthcare professional if the site irritation persists.
	Rash and/or itching	Benadryl spray Flovent spray Skin barrier spray (ex: Cavilon) Skin tac Skin prep Liquid band-aid
Pain with insertion	Manual insertion too slow	When inserting manually, try to do so in quick motion
	Insertion device is not working properly	Use new insertion device
	Hitting a nerve or muscle	Wash hands and insert new infusion set using a clean new site 2 inches away from your previous site.
	Infusion set is too shallow	Ensure depth of insertion Consider a longer cannula length
Infusion site Adherence		Skin tac Liquid adhesives
Blood in tubing	Capillary puncture upon insertion	Change infusion set immediately
Occlusion Blocked insulin flow	Insertion site within a skin fold in abdomen Infusion is set to "quick" speed	Reposition your body Change to "standard" infusion speed (Medtronic pump only)
	Bent/ kinked or crimped cannula	Change infusion set /site